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Can video gaming help improve laparoscopic skills in medical students?

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Purpose: To investigate whether training using the Nintendo Wii[™] system can improve laparoscopic skills in medical students. Methods: A total of 26 Pre-Clerkship medical students were enrolled in this prospective randomized controlled trial. The experimental group practiced gaming on the Nintendo Wii™ system for six supervised 30-minute sessions over a two-week period. The control group was asked to refrain from playing video games (or adhere to their usual gaming habits) for the same twoweek period. All participants completed the same exercise on the validated LapSim® surgical simulator before and after the two-week period as a surrogate measure of their surgical skill. Both groups were compared on their ability to complete a surgical task on the LapSim[®]. The primary outcome was total time difference to complete the task. Secondary outcomes included difference in path length and angular path. Groups were compared using the Fishers Exact and Students t-tests. Regression analysis was also performed. Results: The primary outcome, total time difference, was less in the study group but was not significant. In the experimental group and control group, the total time difference was 4.2 + / - 7 sec and 6.8 + / - 11 sec, respectively (p=0.51). There were no significant differences in instrument path length (p= 0.45) or angular path (p=0.39). **Conclusions**: Video gaming did not appear to improve the laparoscopic skills of medical students, measured using the LapSim[®] surgical simulator. This is contrary to typical findings in the literature that video gaming improves surgical skill.